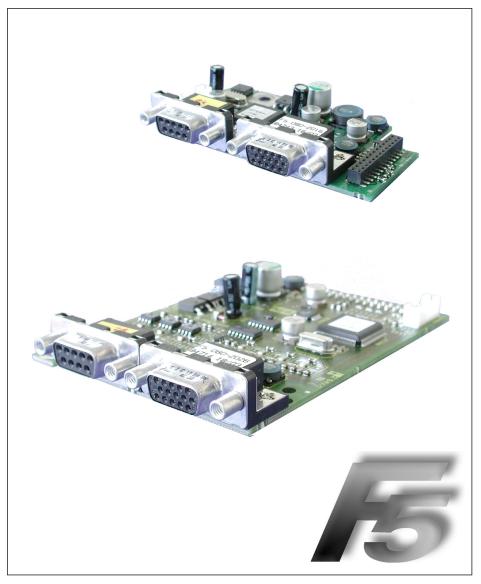
COMBIVERT



GB INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Channel 1 Channel 2 Encoder Interface SSI-SIN/COS variable

Mat.No.	Rev.
DSF5ZEM-K010	1E





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1. Safety Instructions

Prior to performing any work on the unit the user must familiarize himself with the unit. This includes especially the knowledge and observance of the safety and warning directions. The pictographs used in this instruction manual have following meaning:



Danger Refers to danger of life by electric current.



Warning Refers to possible danger of injury or life.



Note Refers to tips and additional information.

1.1 Validity

The information contained in the technical documentation, as well as any user-specific advice in spoken and written and through tests, are made to best of our knowledge and information about the application. However, they are considered for information only without responsibility. This also applies to any violation of industrial property rights of a third-party.

Inspection of our units in view of their suitability for the intended use must be done generally by the user. Inspections are particularly necessary, if changes are executed, which serve for the further development or adaption of our products to the applications (hardware, software or download lists). Inspections must be repeated completely, even if only parts of hardware, software or download lists are modified.



Controlling by the user

Application and use of our units in the target products is outside of our control and therefore lies exclusively in the area of responsibility of the user.



Use under special conditions

The used semiconductors and components of KEB are developed and dimensioned for the use in industrial products. If the KEB COMBIVERT is used in machines, which work under exceptional conditions or if essential functions, life-supporting measures or an extraordinary safety step must be fulfilled, the necessary reliability and security must be ensured by the machine builder.

1.2 Qualification

All operations serving transport, installation and commissioning as well as maintenance are to be carried out by skilled technical personnel (observe IEC 364 or CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100 and national accident prevention rules!). According to this manual qualified staff means:

- those who are able to recognise and judge the possible dangers based on their technical training and experience
- those with knowledge of the relevant standards and who are familiar with the field of power transmission (VDE 0100, VDE 0160 (EN 50178), VDE 0113 (EN 60204) as well as the approporiate regulations for your area.



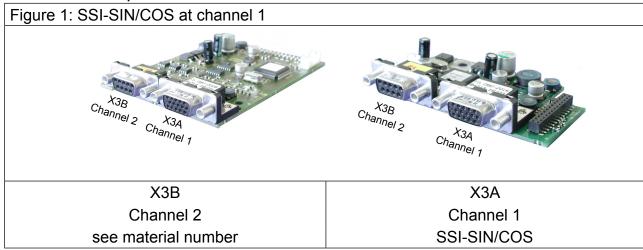
Danger by high voltage

KEB electronics components contain dangerous voltages which can cause death or serious injury. In operation, drive converters, depending on their degree of protection, may have live, uninsulated, and possibly also moving and hot surfaces.

In case of inadmissible removal of the required covers, of improper use, wrong installation or maloperation, there is the danger of serious personal injury and damage to property.



2. Product Description



2.1 General

Each of the interface cards delivered by KEB include two interfaces. As there are numerous different combinations available each interface will be described by means of separate instructions. The instruction covers the installation of the interface card, the connection as well as the start-up of a suitable encoder. Further information and the parameter adjustments are described in the application manual for the inverter/servo.

2.2 Material number

хM	F5	K8x	XXXX						
			Term of deli- very	0	installed		Z	Option, spare part	
			Interface X3A	V	TTL output as V, but with so	2027 oftware		TTL input 4 from15.06.2007	2024
				F5	Series				
а	applicable for housing size M D, E (circuit board 1M.F5.280-xxxx see above)								

- 2.3 Scope of delivery (option or replacement delivery)
 - · Encoder interface
 - · two instruction manuals
 - fixing bolt
 - · packing material

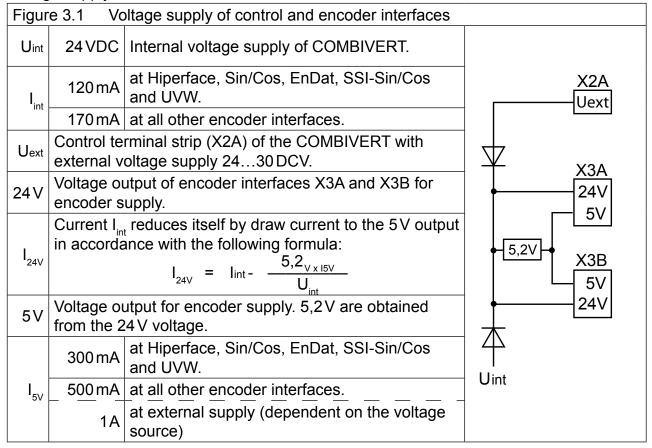
2.4 Mechanical installation

All kind of works on the inverter may be carried out by authorized personnel in accordance with the EMC and safety rules only.

- Switch inverter de-energized and await capacitor discharge time
- Pull off operator
- Remove plastic cover
- Remove fixing bolt
- · Fix interface board beginning from the socket connector straightly
- · Screw in fixing bolt
- · Adjust desired supply voltage with DIL switch
- · Attach plastic cover

3. Description of the Interface

3.1 Voltage supply





3.2 Channel 1

3.2.1 Specifications

X3A	Socket SUB-D15			
Interface type	SSI-SIN/COS	SSI (absolute track)		
interface type	331-3111/003	SIN/COS (incremental encoder track)		
	Process data channel	A, B	1 Vss typical (0,61,2)	
	Parameter channel	Data	EIA RS485 half duplex,	
Inputs / tracks	Parameter Chamiler	Data	binary-coded, Gray Code	
	Clock signal	Clock	EIA RS485	
Limiting frequency	200 kHz			
Increments per revolution	12048 inc (recommendation 10	024 inc for spe	ed upto 4500 rpm	
Input resistance	120 Ω			
50 m, the value is additionally limited by the signal frequency			mited by the signal frequency,	
Max. line length	cable capacity and sup	ply volta	age (see chapter "encoder line	
	length").			

3.2.2 Description of X3A

8

9 10 11

12 13

14

15

Α+

B+

24 V

COM

GND

Power supply for encoder

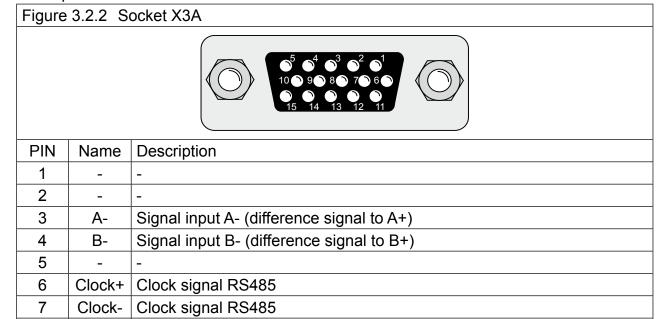
with the inverter earth).

Reference potential for voltage supply

+5,25V Power supply for encoder

-DATA Data channel RS485

+DATA Data channel RS485



Incremental encoder input track A for counter and direction detection

Connection for shield at the connector housing (is directly connected

Incremental encoder input B for counter and direction detection

3.2.3 Input signals channel 1

During start-up and then all 30 ms an inquiry is transmitted to the encoder and the absolute position is serial read out. Thus a reference point search is not necessary.

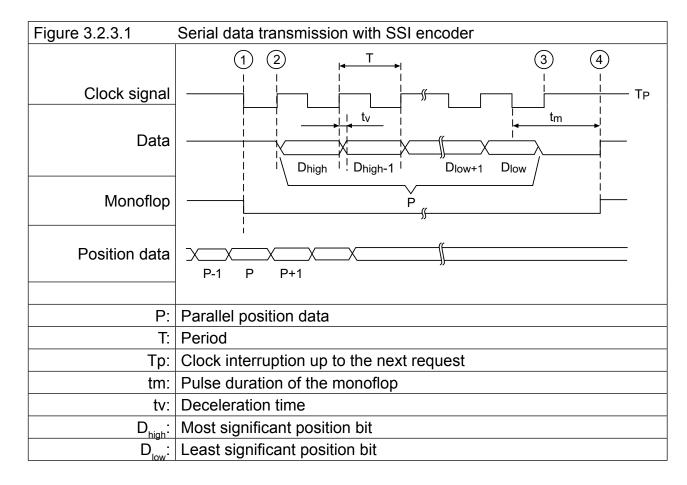
A position difference is tracked after filter with ramp time. If this difference increases to quickly, so that it cannot keep tracked or a max. value is exceeded (e.g. at encoder breakage), the interface state Ec.37 changes to "69" and the inverter switches off. The clock signal is used for synchronization.

3.2.3.1 Synchronous serial interface (SSI)

Singleturn absolute encoder divide one revolution of the shaft into a defined number of measuring steps. This are 4096 positions at a SSI protocol, corresponding to a resolution of 12 Bit. This value is adjusted with Ec.44.

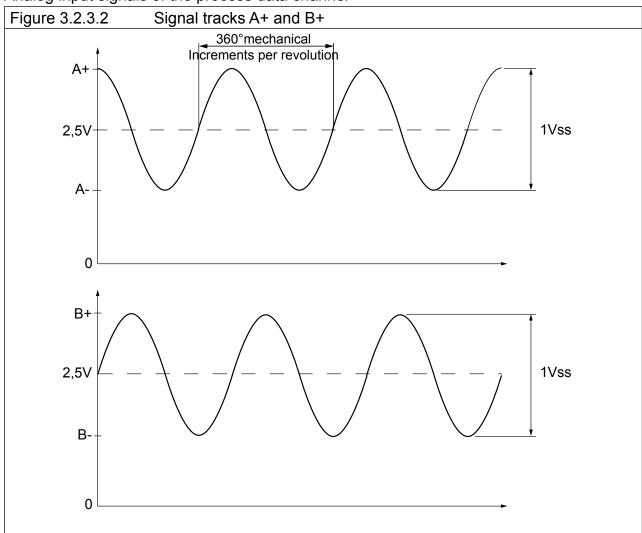
Multiturn absolute encoder do not only detect angle positions within one revolution but also the number of revolutions. With a resolution of the multiturn part of 12 Bit standard this corresponds to 4096 revolutions. The resolution of the multiturn rate is adjusted with Ec.53. This value is adjusted to "0 " at singleturn encoders.

The position measuring area of $0...2^{24}$ -1 should not be left, since an overflow and/or underflow is not evaluated as error. A system offset can be defined by writing on Ec.34 or approaching to reference point.





3.2.3.2 Analog input signals of the process data channel



3.2.3.3 Encoder monitoring

Parameter		r/w	Enter	prog.
Ec.42	Encoder alarm mode	yes	no	no

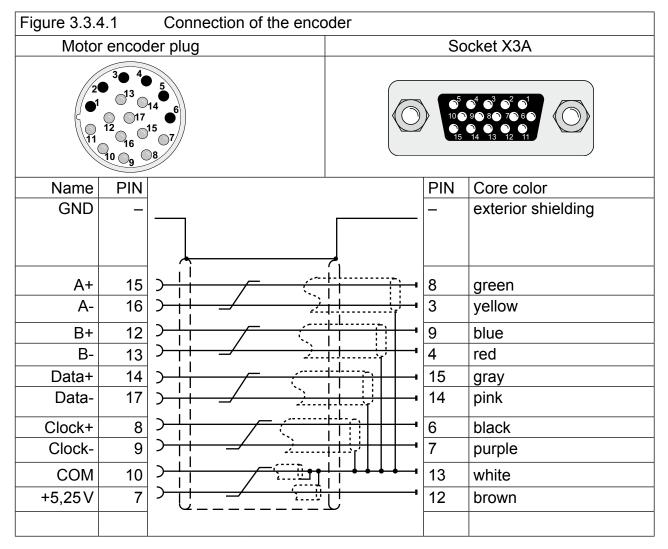
The encoder monitoring is a software function and dependent on the encoder type. The incremental track is monitored approx. all 16 ms. If the permissible signal levels are fallen below "Error! Encoder 1" (value 32) is triggered. Also the absolute track, i.e. the serial communication to the encoder is monitored. If the encoder gives not an answer, or a communication is not possible, the respective state message will be transmitted to the inverter. Dependent on the encoder type the response time can be 100 ms and more.

Setting range	Setting	Meaning
0		Encoder monitoring off
1	1	Encoder monitoring on
2] '	Encoder monitoring on (open-loop off)
3		Warning

3.2.4 Connection of the encoder

3.2.4.1 Encoder cabel at SUB-D15

- Encoder cable double-shielded and twisted in pairs
- Connect exterior shielding at both ends to PE/GND
- · Connect interior shieldings at one side to COM
- · Do not connect exterior and interior shielding



3.2.5 Encoder cable

KEB encoder cables are corresponding to the following specification:

<u> </u>	
4 x (2 x 0,14 mm ²)	Signal lines
2 x (0,5 mm²)	Supply lines
trailing capable, oil resistant	Particularities
constant up to 80°C	Temperature range
green RAL 6018	Color
00.F5.0C1-4xxx	Material number



3.2.6 Encoder line length

The maximum line length is 50 m. It results from the voltage drop of the supply line. The value is calculated as follows:

Encoder cable longth =	U - Umin
Encoder cable length =	Imax • 2 • R
max. encoder current I _{max} :	see encoder description
Supply voltage U	5,2 V
min. supply voltage Umin.	see encoder description
KEB encoder cable resistance R	0,036 Ω/m at 0,5 mm ²

3.2.7 Tested encoders

The following encoders can be used dependent on the interface and control:

		•
Software	Software	Encoder type
Interface	Control board	
<=1.3	_	Encoder with 256 inc./rev. and 10 bit binary SSI word
		(e.g. Hübner MHGA 400).
		At this the following parameters are not adjustable:
		Ec.1 = 256
		Ec.43 = 0
		Ec.44 = 10
>= 1.4	>=2.9 (Multi)	Number of increments per revolution of the encoder
	>=3.2 (A-Servo)	as well as data code and data word length of the SSI
		data word are adjustable (e.g. Heidenhain ECN1313).

However, this does not restrict the use of rotary encoder with same specifications of other manufacturers.

3.3 Channel 2

The description of input X3B is depending on the used encoder interface. It is described in a separate manual.

4. Start-up

After the installation or exchange of an encoder interface some adjustments of the inverter/servo software have to be done before operation:

- Switch on inverter
- Select application mode
- When using synchronous motors set ud.2 to F5-S
- Select parameter Ec.00 and control whether "SSI-SIN/COS" is entered. The displayed value has to be confirmed by "ENTER" in any case.
- Select parameter Ec.10 and carry out the same for the 2. encoder interface
- Depending on the encoder interface and control card (see 3.3.7) control/adjust the number of increments per rev. (Ec.1), the SSI data code (Ec.43) and the SSI data word length (Ec.44 and Ec.53).
- Select parameter Ec.37 and control encoder status.

4.1 Parameter description

4.1.1 Encoder 1 status (Ec.37)

This parameter displays, by means of different status messages, the status of encoder and interface. Dependent on the encoder only special messages are possible. All errors are only set at control release, although they are already displayed in Ec.37.

The following value is displayed at correct operation: 16 Position values are being transferred, encoder and interface are working The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder Change" (E.EncC) because the correct evaluation of the position is no longer guaranteed. Error E.EncC can only be reset via parameter Ec.0. Exception! An error due to wrong increments per revolution (value 70) is reset immediately, if the correct increments per revolution are adjusted (from software 2.7). Attention, the modulation is released, when the control release is still set! 64 Encoder is unknown and will not be supported 67 The signals of the incremental track are not correct, e.g. no encoder is connected or the encoder cable is defective. 68 The signals of the absolute track are not correct. The absolute track at Endat, Hiperface and SSI-Sin/Cos is digital. The absolute track at Sin/Cos is analog. 69 Position deviation too high. The position determined by the incremental signals and the absolute position (of absolute track, zero signal or serial selected) does no longer correspond or cannot be corrected. 70 Increments per revolution adjusted in the inverter does not correspond with encoder increments per revolution. 71 Interface type is unknown: Interface has not been recognized. 75 Encoder temperature too high (message from encoder) 76 Rotary speed is too high (message from encoder) 77 Encoder signals are outside the specification (message from encoder) 78 Encoder has internal defect (message from encoder) 79 Encoder will be formatted. When writing an encoder with memory structures different from the KEB-definition, their memories will be re-organized in such a manner that they can be written. This procedure can take some seconds, depending on the respective memory structure. 96 New value detected, because an another encoder is attached. 98 Interface is busy The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read:	Value	Description					
The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder Change" (E.EncC) because the correct evaluation of the position is no longer guaranteed. Error E.EncC can only be reset via parameter Ec.0. Exception! An error due to wrong increments per revolution (value 70) is reset immediately, if the correct increments per revolution are adjusted (from software 2.7). Attention, the modulation is released, when the control release is still set! 64	The fol	lowing value is displayed at correct operation:					
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The signals of the incremental track are not correct, e.g. no encoder is connected or the encoder cable is defective. The signals of the absolute track are not correct. The absolute track at Endat, Hiperface and SSI-Sin/Cos is digital. The absolute track at Sin/Cos is analog. Position deviation too high. The position determined by the incremental signals and the absolute position (of absolute track, zero signal or serial selected) does no longer correspond or cannot be corrected. Increments per revolution adjusted in the inverter does not correspond with encoder increments per revolution. Interface type is unknown: Interface has not been recognized. Encoder temperature too high (message from encoder) Rotary speed is too high (message from encoder) Encoder signals are outside the specification (message from encoder) Encoder has internal defect (message from encoder) Encoder will be formatted. When writing an encoder with memory structures different from the KEB-definition, their memories will be re-organized in such a manner that they can be written. This procedure can take some seconds, depending on the respective memory structure. New value detected, because an another encoder is attached. Interface is busy The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read:							
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 Encoder has internal defect (message from encoder) Encoder will be formatted. When writing an encoder with memory structures different from the KEB-definition, their memories will be re-organized in such a manner that they can be written. This procedure can take some seconds, depending on the respective memory structure. New value detected, because an another encoder is attached. Interface is busy The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read: 	76	Rotary speed is too high (message from encoder)					
92 Encoder will be formatted. When writing an encoder with memory structures different from the KEB-definition, their memories will be re-organized in such a manner that they can be written. This procedure can take some seconds, depending on the respective memory structure. 96 New value detected, because an another encoder is attached. 98 Interface is busy The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read:	77	Encoder signals are outside the specification (message from encoder)					
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98 Interface is busy The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read:	92	different from the KEB-definition, their memories will be re-organized in such a manner that they can be written. This procedure can take some seconds, depen-					
The following status messages triggers "Error Encoder 1" (E.Enc1), if encoder data is read:	96	New value detected, because an another encoder is attached.					
read:							
further on next page		•					
		further on next page					



Value	Description
97	KEB-reference is undefined. Memory structure of the encoder does not correspond to the KEB-definition and therefore data cannot be read. The encoder is defined by writing data. At F5-S the error is reset as follow:
	writing a position to Ec.2.perform a system position trimming
Followi	ng status messages trigger error "Error Hybrid" (E.HYb):
0,255	No communication between interface and control card.

4.1.2 Encoder 1 SSI data format (Ec.43)

(from interface software 1.4 and control card software 3.2)

Parameter				r/w	Enter	prog.
Ec.43	Encoder 1 SSI data format			yes	yes	no
This parameter sets the data format of the connected encoder.						
Setting range Setting		Setting	Meaning			
	0	0	Binary code			
	1	0	Gray code			

4.1.3 Encoder 1 SSI single-turn resolution (Ec.44)

Parameter				r/w	Enter	prog.
Ec.44	Encoder 1 SSI single-turn resolution			yes	yes	no
This parameter sets the number of bits of the SSI data word to the connected encode (see also 3.2.7). The resolution for the multiturn encoder is adjusted in Ec.53.			oder			
Sett	ting range Setting Meaning					
013 Bit 10 Bit The resolution of the digital single-turn absolute on is determined by the number of bits.		positi-				

4.1.4 Encoder 1 SSI multiturn resolution (Ec.53)

(from interface software 1.5 and control card software 3.3)

Parameter			Enter	prog.
Ec.53	Endoer 1 SSI multiturn resolution		yes	no

This parameter sets the number of bits of the SSI data word from the multiturn part of the connected encoder. It is the multiturn part of the SSI data word (whole number of completed revolutions) stored by the encoder (mostly 12 bit for 4096 revolutions). When output the SSI data word, the encoder must first output the multiturn part (Ec.53) and then the single-turn part (Ec.44).

Setting range	Setting	Meaning
0 Bit	10 Bit	Adjust "0" for single-turn encoders.
113 Bit	IU BIL	Number of bits of the multiturn part

4.1.5 Encoder 1 SSI mode (Ec.54)

Parameter			r/w	Enter	prog.		
Ec.54	Encoder 1 SSI mode			yes	yes	no	
The SSI	The SSI interface can be set to special encoder types with this parameter.						
Setting range Setting			Meaning				
	0		Default setting for multiturn and single-turn encoders.				
1		0	Evaluation of single-turn encoders with 25 bit. The data word length of Ec.53 + Ec.44 is not effective				
			here.				
	2		Evaluation of linear encoders (e	rs (e.g. Siko AE111)			





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