

Dynamic memory allocation

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Content

Introduction	2
NEW,DELETE (CoDeSys RTE V3.x)	2
SysMemAllocData, SysMemFreeData (CoDeSys RTE V3.x)	3
SysMemAllocData	4
SysMemFreeData	4
Sample	5
Disclaimer	6

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Introduction

This document gives a little introduction to dynamic memory allocation on C6 Econ/Perform.

Note: Memory allocation can cause high jitter and long cycle times (Best to use in initialization steps).

_NEW, __DELETE (CoDeSys RTE V3.x)

The CoDeSys RTE V3 supports some functions for dynamic memory management which are <u>NOT</u> part of the IEC 61131-3 standard.

This method is not working for C6 Compact.

To use this features you have to change the properties of the application.



Then choose how much memory you want to use:

	Properties - Application [Device: PLC Logic] 🛛 🔠 🔀				
		Common Information Boot application Dynamic memory settings Acce			
-		Use dynamic memory allocation			
_		Maximum size of memory: 2048 bytes			
		Please note: Not the whole amount of memory is available for dynamic object creation. There is some overhead for management information.			
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Note: When you update the Device this settings will be lost!

Use the ___NEW Operator to allocate the memory you need.

When you don't need the memory anymore do not forget to free the memory with __DELETE! Here is a sample to create an Array of 25 bytes total:



	PLC_PRG			
	1	PROGRAM PLC_PRG		
	2	Var		
	3	bInit: BOOL := TRUE;		
	4	bDelete: BOOL;		
	5	pArrayBytes : POINTER TO BYTE; //Pointer to Byte (will be pointing to your array after allocation)		
	6	test: BYTE; //Test-variable to check for function		
	7	END_VAR		
4				
	1	DF (bInit) THEN		
	2	pArrayBytes :=NEW(BYTE, 25); //This creates a new array of type Byte and 25 Elements		
	3	bInit := FALSE;		
	4	END_IF		
	5			
	6	IF (pArrayBytes <> 0) THEN //Pointer will be 0 if creation fails		
	7	pArrayBytes[24] := 125; //Some sample code		
	8	test := pArrayBytes[24];		
	9	ERD_IF		
	10			
	11	IF (bDelete) THEN		
	12	DELETE(pArrayBytes); //When variable is not needed anymore dont forget to free the memory		
	13	ERD_IF		

SysMemAllocData, SysMemFreeData (CoDeSys RTE V3.x)

This version is using the SysMem-system library from CoDeSys. There are many functions to allocate and free different types of data for different types of memory. This method is not working for C6 Compact.

In this How-to only the SysMemAllocData and SysMemFreeData will be explained.



SysMemAllocData

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szComponent (STRING)	Set a name to the memory area you want to allocate. This name is used later to free the memory
udiSize (UDINT)	The size in BYTES(!) you want to allocate
pResult (PTR)	Error Code (0 means no error)
SysMemAllocData	Returns a Pointer when memory is allocated properly

SysMemFreeData

	SysMemFreeDa	ata		
	szComponent <i>STRING</i>	UDINT	SysMemFreeData	-
_	pMemory POINTER TO BYTE			

szComponent (STRING)	Use the name chosen with SysMemAllocData
pMemory (PTR)	Pointer to the allocated memory
SysMemFreeData	Error Code (0 means no error)



Sample

Creation of INT-Array:

1	PROGRAM PLC_PRG	
2	VAR	
з	res: RTS_IEC_RESULT;	//IEC result
4	pdata: POINTER TO INT ;	//Pointer to int (creation of int array)
5		
6	i:INT;	
- 7	bInit:BOOL:=TRUE;	
8	bErase: BOOL :=FALSE;	
9	END VAR	

```
1
     IF bInit THEN
2
         pdata:=SysMemAllocData('a', SIZEOF(INT)*25, ADR(res)); //allocate 25 INT and assign it to pdata
з
                            //0 if allocation complete without error
         IF res = 0 THEN
4
             bInit:=FALSE;
5
         END IF
6
     END IF
7
8
     FOR i:=0 TO 24 BY 1 DO //Some sample code
9
         pdata[i]:=i+900;
                           //Use it like a normal array
10
     END FOR
11
12
     IF bErase THEN
13
         SysMemFreeData('a', pdata); //free memory
14
     END IF
```



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