

# COMBIVERT



**GB** Instruction Manual Power Supply R5-C V1.1

|              |      |
|--------------|------|
| Mat.No.      | Rev. |
| 00R50EB-K001 | 1D   |





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## Preface

### 1.1 General

First we would like to welcome you as a customer of the company KEB Automation KG and congratulate to the purchase of this product. You have decided for a product on highest technical level.

The described hard- and software are developments of the KEB Automation KG. The enclosed documents correspond to conditions valid at printing. Misprint, mistakes and technical changes reserved.

The instruction manual must be made available to the user. Before working with the unit the user must become familiar with it. This especially applies to the knowledge and observance of the following safety and warning indications. The pictographs used in this instruction manual have following meaning:

|   |                                      |   |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
|    | Danger<br>Warning<br>Caution         | Is used, if life or health of the user is in danger or if substantial damage to property can occur. |
|    | Attention<br>observe at<br>all costs | Is used, if a measure is necessary for safe and trouble-free operation.                             |
|  | Information<br>Aid<br>Tip            | Is used, if a measure simplifies the handling or operation of the unit.                             |

Non-observance of the safety instructions leads to the loss of any liability claims. This list is not exhaustive.

### 1.2 Safety instructions

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
|  | Observe safety and<br>operating instruc-<br>tions | Precondition for all further steps is the knowledge and observance of the safety and operating instructions. This is provided accompanied by the device or by the download site of <a href="http://www.keb.de">www.keb.de</a> . |
|---|---|---|

Non-observance of the safety and operating instructions leads to the loss of any liability claims. The warnings and safety instructions in this manual work only supplementary. This list is not exhaustive.

### 1.3 Validity and liability

**The use of our units in the target products is outside of our control and therefore lies exclusively in the area of responsibility of the machine manufacturer.**

The information contained in the technical documentation, as well as any user-specific advice in spoken and written and through tests, are made to best of our knowledge and information about the application. However, they are considered for information only without responsibility. This also applies to any violation of industrial property rights of a third-party.

Selection of our units in view of their suitability for the intended use must be done generally by the user.

Tests can only be done within the application by the machine manufacturer. They must be repeated, even if only parts of hardware, software or the unit adjustment are modified.

Unauthorized opening and tampering may lead to bodily injury and property damage and may entail the loss of warranty rights. Original spare parts and authorized accessories by the manufacturer serve as security. The use of other parts excludes liability for the consequences arising out of.

The suspension of liability is especially valid also for operation interruption loss, loss of profit, data loss or other damages. This is also valid, if we referred first to the possibility of such damages.

If single regulations should be or become void, invalid or impracticable, the effectivity of all other regulations or agreements is not affected.

### 1.4 Copyright

The customer may use the instruction manual as well as further documents or parts from it for internal purposes. Copyrights are with KEB and remain valid in its entirety. All rights reserved.

KEB®, COMBIVERT®, COMBICONTROL® and COMBIVIS® are registered trademarks of Karl E. Brinkmann GmbH.

Other wordmarks or/and logos are trademarks (™) or registered trademarks (®) of their respective owners and are listed in the footnote on the first occurrence.

When creating our documents we pay attention with the utmost care to the rights of third parties. Should we have not marked a trademark or breach a copyright, please inform us in order to have the possibility of remedy.

## 2. Product description

With R5-C COMBIVERT you have acquired a DC supply unit with the highest demands on security and reliability.

This instruction manual describes the supply unit KEB COMBIVERT R5-C of the 400-V in a range of 30 kW...250 kW.

### 2.1 Specified application

The COMBIVERT R5-C serves exclusively for supply of frequency inverters with DC supply. The operation of other electric consumers is prohibited and can lead to the destruction of the unit!

### 2.2 Features of the COMBIVERT R5-C

- Degree of protection IP20
- Extensive protection against overcurrent, ground fault and temperature
- Short-circuit proof (with corresponding dimensioned mains fuses)

### 2.3 Unit identification

| 2 3 . R 5 . C 1 R - 9 0 R 0 |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Cooling                     | A: default   |
| Version                     | 0: default   |
| free                        | 0: default   |
| Voltage                     | 9: 3ph; 400 V; AC  |
| Housing                     | R; U   |
| Options                     | 0: without<br>1: precharging<br>2: GTR7; precharging<br>3: precharging; DC-fuses<br>4: GTR7; precharging; DC-fuses |
| Control card                | 0: without<br>C: 2C.F5   |
| Unit type                   | R5   |
| Size                        | 19; 23; 25; 27; 28; 29   |

# Product description

## 2.4 Technical data

| Rectifier size   | 19               | 23       | 25       | 27       | 28       | 29       |
|--|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Housing size   | R                | R        | R        | U        | U        | U        |
| Chargeable inverter power <sup>1)</sup> [kW]             | 30               | 75       | 110      | 160      | 200      | 250      |
| DC nominal output current [A <sub>DC</sub> ]             | 90               | 180      | 270      | 380      | 470      | 610      |
| Max. short time current <sup>2)</sup> [A <sub>AV</sub> ] | 135              | 270      | 405      | 570      | 705      | 915      |
| OL current [A <sub>DC</sub> ]                            | 153              | 306      | 459      | 646      | 799      | 1037     |
| Input current <sup>3)</sup> [A <sub>RMS</sub> ]          | 79,8             | 147,5    | 221      | 312      | 386      | 500      |
| Mains voltage [V AC <sub>RMS</sub> ]                     | 305...504 +/- 0% |          |          |          |          |          |
| Phases   | 3                |          |          |          |          |          |
| Mains form   | TN, TT           |          |          |          |          |          |
| Output voltage [V DC]                                    | 430...713        |          |          |          |          |          |
| Maximal permissible mains fuse [A]                       | 100              | 200      | 350      | 500      | 710      | 710      |
| I <sup>2</sup> t mains fuse [A <sup>2</sup> s]           | <19.100          | <128.000 | <231.200 | <320.000 | <845.000 | <845.000 |
| Supply line cross section (min) [mm <sup>2</sup> ]       | 35               | 95       | 150      | 2x150    | 2x185    | 2x185    |
| Supply line cross section (max) [mm <sup>2</sup> ]       | 95               | 150      | 150      | 2x185    | 2x185    | 2x185    |
| DC line cross section (min) [mm <sup>2</sup> ]           | 50               | 120      | 150      | 2x150    | 2x150    | 4x95     |
| DC line cross section (max) [mm <sup>2</sup> ]           | 95               | 150      | 150      | 4x185    | 4x185    | 4x185    |
| Storage temperature [°C]                                 | -25...70         |          |          |          |          |          |
| Operation temperature [°C]                               | -10...45         |          |          |          |          |          |
| Climatic category (EN 60721-3-3)                         | 3K3              |          |          |          |          |          |
| Protective system  | IP20             |          |          | IP00     |          |          |
| Power loss at nominal operating [W]                      | ca. 220          | ca. 400  | ca. 600  | ca. 1050 | ca. 1200 | ca. 1600 |
| Max. heat sink temperature [°C]                          | 90               |          |          |          |          |          |
| Internal braking option                                  | Option           |          |          |          |          |          |
| Max. braking current [A]                                 | 133              | 133      | 200      | 250      | 250      | 250      |
| Min. braking resistor [Ohm]                              | 6                | 6        | 4        | 3,2      | 3,2      | 3,2      |
| Typ. braking resistor [Ohm]                              | 15               | 6,7      | 4,3      | 4,3      | 3,2      | 3,2      |
| Line cross section braking resistor [mm <sup>2</sup> ]   | 35...95          |          |          | 16...185 |          |          |
| Weight [kg]  | 28               |          |          | 49       | 54       | 56       |

- 1) The typical inverter ratings are only assignment references for the components. The drive powers are dependent on the connected motors and must be designed accordingly.
- 2) The max. short time current limit is specified for 1 minute. The overload cycle is 300 seconds. This corresponds to duty class 2 EN 60146-1-1.
- 3) The current data are based on a fundamental frequency component of g=0,75. The fundamental frequency component or the effective value of the input current is dependent on load and line supply conditions. At uncontrolled B6 converters the phase angle cosφ1 can be set to one, so the value of the fundamental frequency components is equal to the value of the power factor.

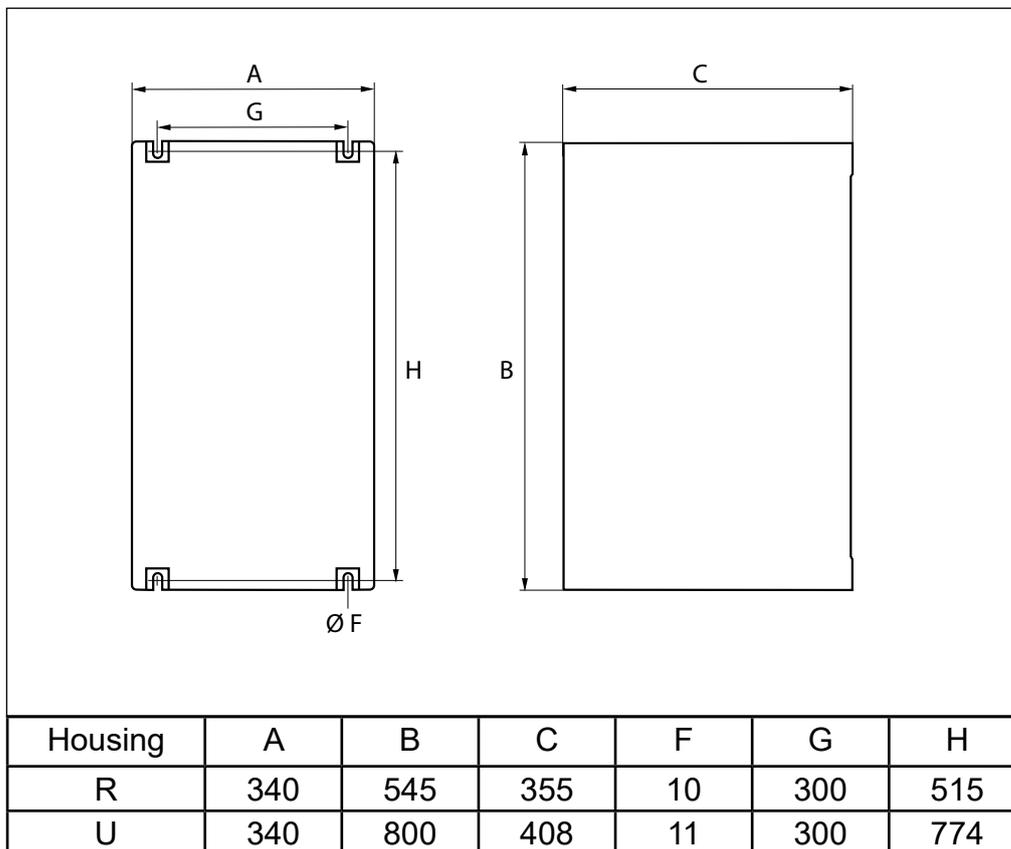


The units are not short-circuit proof without corresponding dimensioned fuses. The max. loadable DC link capacity is 100000 µF. Exceeding the capacity triggers the error "charge time out" (E.cto). Do not charge the DC link during the load cycle.

### 3. Installation

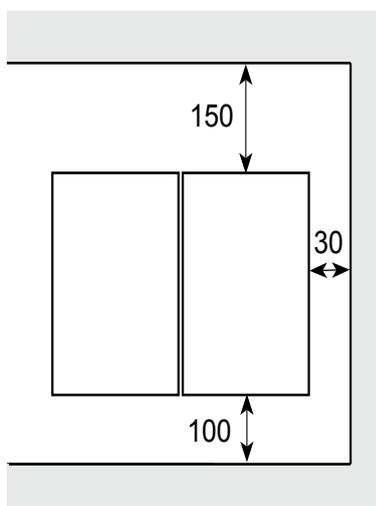
#### 3.1 Unit Installation

##### 3.1.1 Dimensions



##### 3.1.2 Installation Instructions

The COMBIVERT R5 is provided for vertical installation. The following minimum distances must be observed:



# Installation

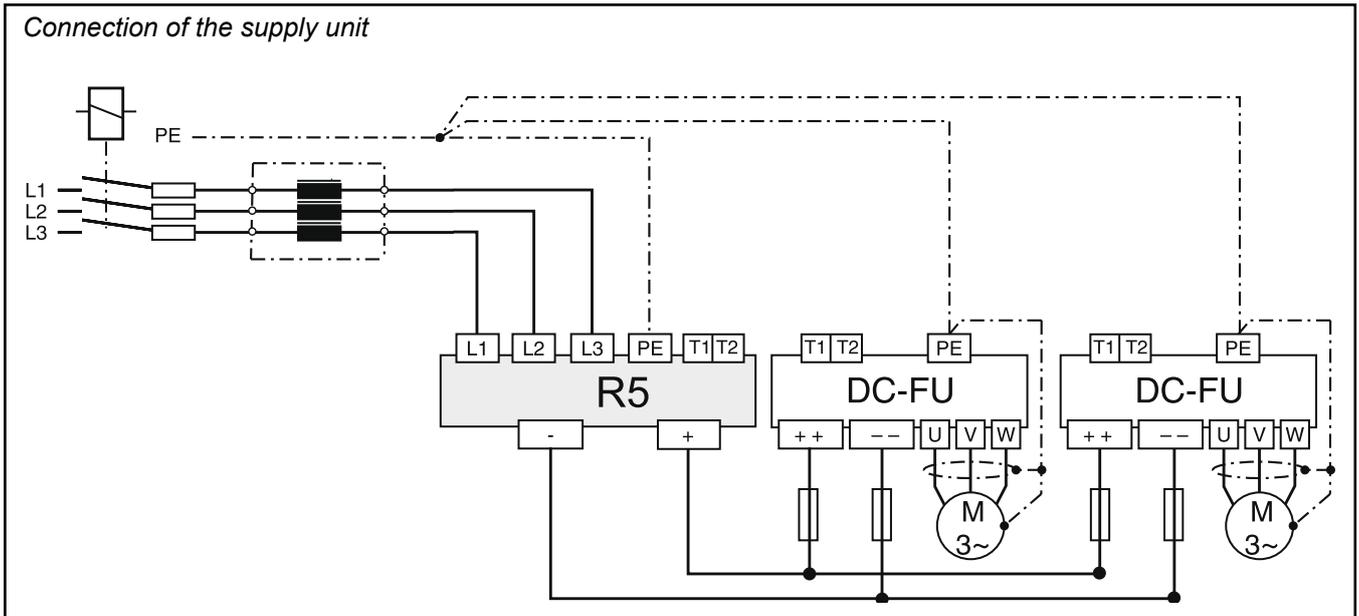
## 3.2 Connection of the Power Unit

### 3.2.1 Mains Connection of the Supply Unit

- absolutely use a line reactor
- in case of interconnected operation with several supply units consider information sheet 00.R5.0DM-I000!



Switching at the input without waiting of an under-potential error (E.UP) causes high wear of the switching contacts. Fuses and overcurrent protection units can release furthermore. See publication ENG 000 0001.



## 3.2.2 Terminal strips of the power circuit

All terminal strips following the requirements of the EN 60947-7-1 (IEC 60947-7-1)

| Connection terminals | Terminal in acc. with table 3.2.2.1 |                                    |     |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
|                      | Name                                | Function                           | No. |
|                      | L1, L2, L3                          | 3-phase mains connection           | 4   |
|                      | PA, PB                              | Connection for braking resistor    |     |
|                      | +, -                                | DC link output                     |     |
|                      | PE                                  | Connection for shielding /earthing |     |
|                      | T1, T2                              | Connection for temperature sensor  | 3   |
|                      |                                     |                                    |     |

| Terminal strip types | Terminal in acc. with table 3.2.2.1 |                                    |     |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
|                      | Name                                | Function                           | No. |
|                      | L1, L2, L3                          | 3-phase mains connection           | 1   |
|                      | +, -                                | DC link output                     |     |
|                      | PA, PB                              | Connection for braking resistor    | 2   |
|                      | T1, T2                              | Connection for temperature sensor  | 3   |
|                      |                                     | Connection for shielding /earthing | 4   |
|                      |                                     |                                    |     |

| No. | permissible cross-section flexible with wire-end ferrule |     |         |         | Max. tightening torque |         |
|-----|--|-----|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|
|     | mm <sup>2</sup>  |     | AWG/MCM |         | Nm                     | lb inch |
|     | min  | max | min     | max     |                        |         |
| 1   | 50   | 150 | 6 AWG   | 0 MCM   | 25...30                | 220     |
| 2   | 35   | 95  | 4 AWG6  | 000 MCM | 15...20                | 150     |
| 3   | 0.2  | 4   | 24 AWG  | 10 AWG  | 0.6                    | 5.3     |
| 4   | 10 mm stay bolt for ring thimble                         |     |         |         | 25                     | 220     |

## 3.2.3 Connection of the Braking Resistor

It is absolutely necessary to monitor the braking resistance temperature switch to record a braking resistance overheating. The overheating may be caused by:

- incorrect dimensioning of the braking resistance
- the input voltage being too high

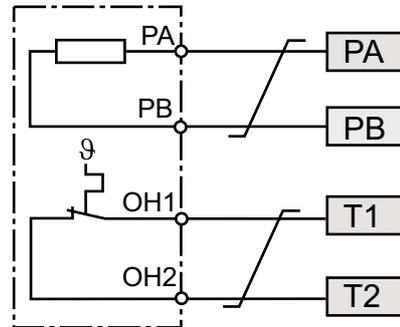
The current of the brake transistor is monitored additionally. The input thyristors are switched off in case of a short circuit.

Braking resistors can develop a very high surface temperatures, therefore install as safe-to-touch as possible!

### Connection of a braking resistor



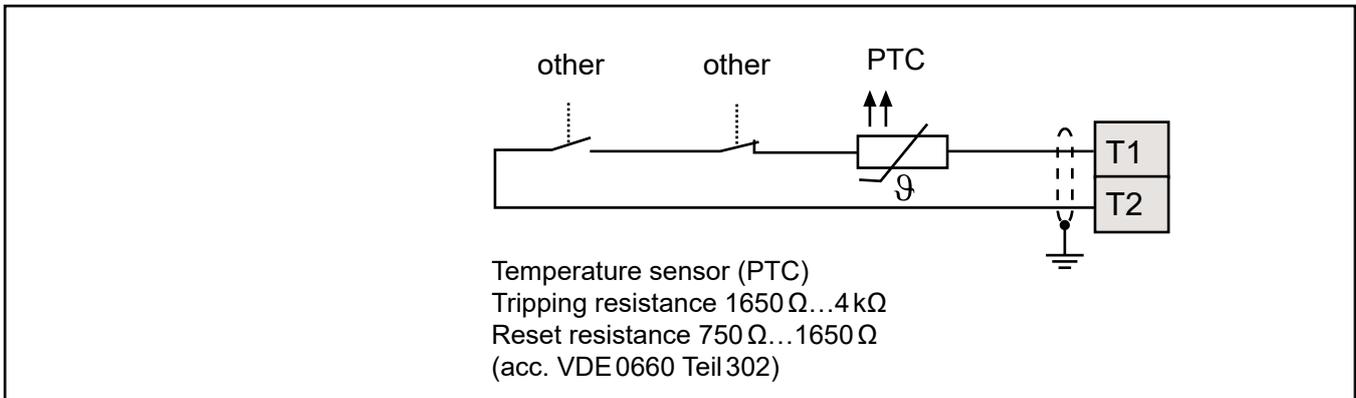
As standard the evaluation at terminals T1 and T2 is switched off and must be activated if necessary (application mode Pn.12="7").



### 3.2.4 Connection of a Temperature Detection

An external temperature sensor/switch can be connected to the terminals T1, T2. The supply unit switches off with the error message E.OH during tripping.

As standard the evaluation at terminals T1 and T2 is switched off and must be activated if necessary (application mode Pn.12="7").



### 3.3 Instructions of an EMC-conform Installation

- To avoid coupled-in noise, separate
  - a) Line-supply cables,
  - b) Motor lines of frequency inverters/servo power controller,
  - c) Lay control and data lines (low-voltage level <48V), with a distance of at least 15 cm.
- In order to maintain low-resistance high frequency connections, earthing and shielding, as well as other metallic connections (e.g. mounting plate, installed units) must be in metal-to-metal contact with the mounting plate, over as large an area as possible. Use earthing and equipotential lines with a section as large as possible (min. 10 mm<sup>2</sup>) or use thick earthing strips.
- If external interference suppression filters are used, then these must be installed as close as possible to (<30 cm from) the interference source and in metal-to-metal contact with the mounting plate, over as large an area as possible.
- Always equip inductive control elements (contactors, relays etc.) with suppressors such as varistors, RC-elements or damping diodes.
- All connections must be kept as short as possible and as close as possible to the earth, as free floating lines work as active and passive aerials.
- Keep connection cables straight (do not bundle). Install a non-assigned wire on both sides of the protective conductor.
- The flow and return circuit must be twisted when the lines are not shielded, in order to dampen common-mode noise.
- As a general principle use metal cable glands with shield connection.

# Installation and connection

## 4. Installation and connection

### 4.1 Control Card Version C

#### 4.1.1 Assignment of the Terminal Strip X2A

**X2A**



| PIN   | Function                    | Name   | Explanation   |   |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|---|---|
| 1...4 | without function - -        | -      | -   |   |
| 5     | Analog output 1:            | ANOUT1 | Analog output of the DC output current<br>0...10 VDC $\Delta$ 0...200 % | Voltage range:<br>0...±10V<br>Ri: 100 Ω<br>Resolution: ±10Bit |
| 6     | Analog output 2:            | ANOUT2 | Analog output of the DC voltage<br>0...10 VDC $\Delta$ 0...1000VDC      |   |
| 7     | without function - -        | -      | -   |   |
| 8     | Analog mass                 | COM    | Mass for analog in- and outputs   |   |
| 9     | Analog mass                 | COM    |   |   |
| 10    | without function - -        | I1     | -   | Ri: 2,1 kΩ<br>Scan time: 4 ms                                 |
| 11    | without function - -        | I2     | -   |   |
| 12    | without function - -        | I3     | -   |   |
| 13    | without function - -        | I4     | -   |   |
| 14    | Slave input                 | I5     | only interconnected operation<br>00.R5.0DM-I000                         |   |
| 15    | without function - -        | I6     | -   |   |
| 16    | Start                       | ST     | Thyristors switched through<br>Error reset during opening               |   |
| 17    | Reset                       | RST    | Reset; only possible in fault condition                                 |   |
| 18    | Transistor output 1         | O1     | „Run“; is set, if the thyristors are switched trough                    |   |
| 19    | Transistor output 2         | O2     | „Error“ is set, if the unit switched off on error                       |   |
| 20    | 24V-output                  | Uout   | Power supply for digital inputs   | I <sub>max</sub> : 100 mA                                     |
| 21    | without function - -        | -      | -   |   |
| 22    | Digital ground              | 0V     | Reference potential for digital in-/outputs                             |   |
| 23    | Digital ground              | 0V     |   |   |
| 24    | Relay 1 / NO contact        | RLA    | Relay output  | max. 30 V DC<br>0.01...1 A                                    |
| 25    | Relay 1 / NC contact        | RLB    |   |   |
| 26    | Relay 1 / switching contact | RLC    | Ready for operation signal  |   |
| 27    | Relay 2 / NO contact        | FLA    | Relay output  |   |
| 28    | Relay 2 / NC contact        | FLB    |   |   |
| 29    | Relay 2 / switching contact | FLC    |   |   |

## 4.1.2 Connection of the control

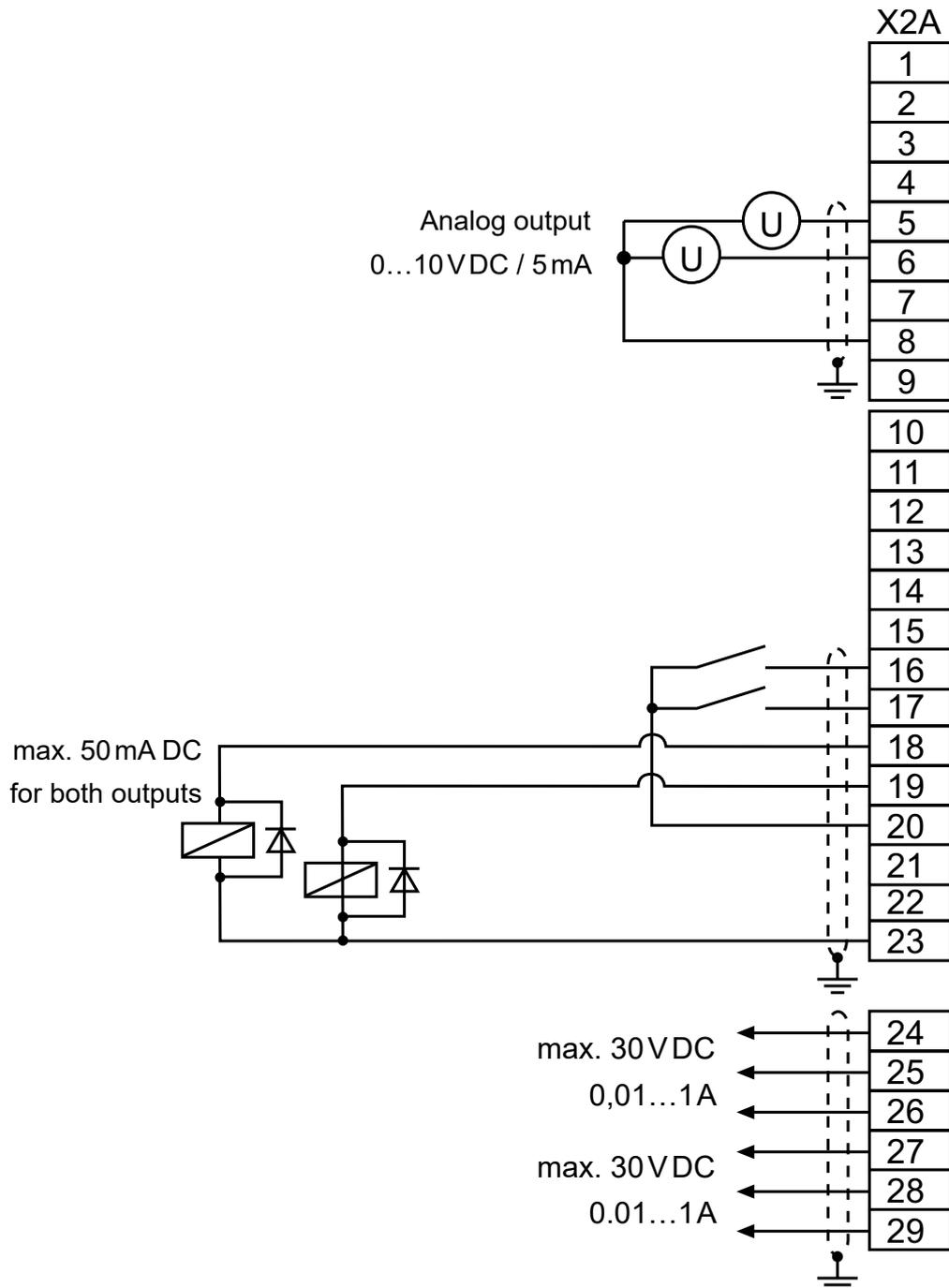
In order to avoid malfunctions caused by interference voltage supply at the control inputs, the following instructions must be observed:



- Use shielded/drilled cables
- Lay shield on one side of the inverter onto earth potential

**EMC**

- Lay power and control cable **separately** (about 10...20 cm distance); lay cables in a right angle



# Operation of the Unit

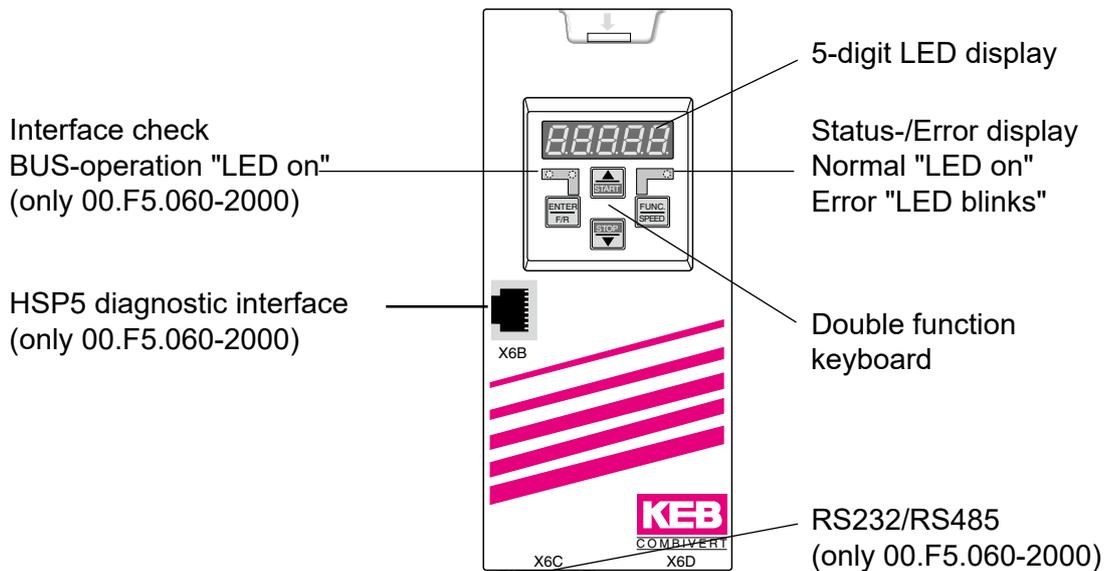
## 5. Operation of the Unit

An operator is necessary as accessories for local or external (Option: cable 00.F5.0C0-1xxx) programming of the frequency inverter KEB COMBIVERT. In order to avoid malfunctions the frequency inverter must be brought into status nOP before plug-on/remove of the operator (open control release). During starting of the frequency inverter it always starts with the last stored values/factory setting.

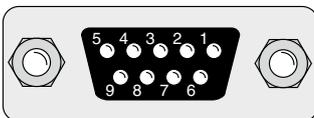
### 5.1 Operator

Digital operator with operation and display: Part No. 00.F5.060-1000

Interface operator additionally with serial interface: Part No. 00.F5.060-2000

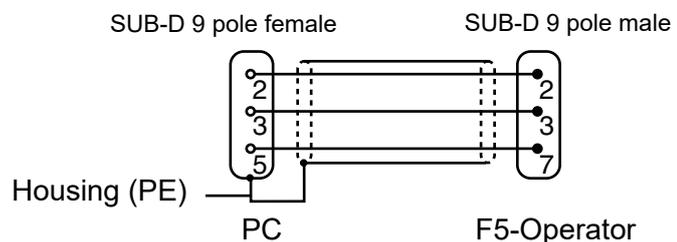


Only use the operator interface for the serial data transfer to RS232/485. The direct connection, PC to the inverter is only valid with a special cable (**HSP5 PartNo. 00.F5.0C0-0001**), otherwise, it would lead to the destruction of the PC-interface!



| PIN | RS485 | Signal | Meaning   |
|-----|-------|--------|---|
| 1   | -     | -      | reserved  |
| 2   | -     | TxD    | transmission signal RS232                         |
| 3   | -     | RxD    | receive signal RS232                              |
| 4   | A'    | RxD-A  | receive signal A RS485                            |
| 5   | B'    | RxD-B  | receive signal B RS485                            |
| 6   | -     | VP     | voltage supply plus +5 V (I <sub>max</sub> =10mA) |
| 7   | C/C'  | DGND   | data reference potential                          |
| 8   | A     | TxD-A  | transmission signal A RS485                       |
| 9   | B     | TxD-B  | transmission signal B RS485                       |

RS232-cable 3m  
PC / Operator  
Part No. 00.58.025-001D



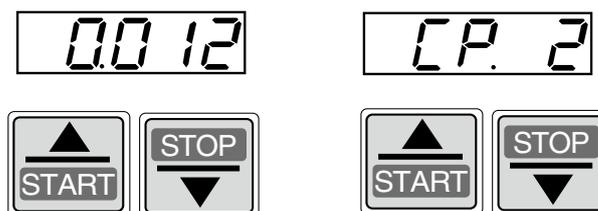
## 5.1.1 keyboard

When switching on KEB COMBIVERT R5 the value of parameter CP.1 is displayed. (change-over of the keyboard function see Drivemode)

The **function** key is used to change between parameter value and parameter number.

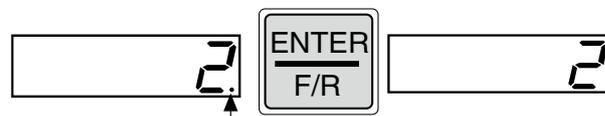


With **UP** and **DOWN** the value of the parameter number is increased/decreased with changeable parameters.



Principally during a change, parameter values are immediately accepted and stored non-volatile. However, with some parameters it is not useful that the adjusted value is accepted immediately. When this type of parameter is changed a point appears behind the last digit.

The adjusted value is accepted and non-volatile stored with ENTER.



If a malfunction occurs during operation, the actual display is overwritten by the alarm message. The alarm message in the display is reset by ENTER.



With ENTER only the error message in the display is reset. In order to reset the error itself, the cause must be removed or a power-on reset must be made. In the status display (CP. 1) the error will still be shown.

# Operation of the Unit

## 5.2 Parameter summary

The CP parameters are one of the parameter selection defined by KEB. You need an application manual in order to get access to the entire parameters.

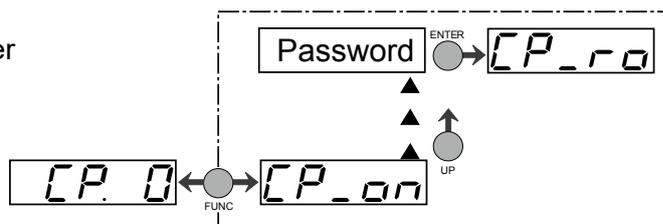
| Display | Parameter                        | Setting range  | Resolution | Fact. setting |
|---------|----------------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| CP. 0   | Password input                   | 0...9999       | 1          | –             |
| CP. 1   | Status display                   | –              | –          | –             |
| CP. 2   | AC input current                 | –              | 0.1A       | –             |
| CP. 3   | DC output current                | –              | 0.1A       | –             |
| CP. 4   | DC - output current / peak value | –              | 1 %        | –             |
| CP. 5   | current DC - utilization         | –              | 1V         | –             |
| CP. 6   | current DC - voltage             | –              | 1V         | –             |
| CP. 7   | DC output voltage                | –              | 1V         | –             |
| CP.8    | DC - output voltage / peak value | –              | 1V         | –             |
| CP.9    | Heat sink temperature            | –              | 1°C        | –             |
| CP.10   | Charging time factor             | 100...500 %    | 1%         | 100%          |
| CP.11   | Analog output 1 gain             | -20.00...20.00 | 1          | 1.00          |
| CP.12   | Analog output 2 gain             | -20.00...20.00 | 0.01       | 1.00          |
| CP.13   | AC-Phase current L1              | –              | 0.1A       | –             |
| CP.14   | AC-Phase current L2              | –              | 0.1A       | –             |
| CP.15   | AC-Phase current L3              | –              | 0.1A       | –             |

## 5.3 Password input

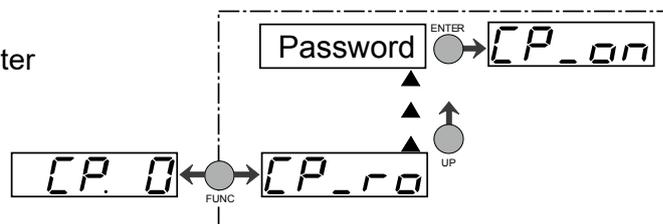


Ex works the frequency inverter is supplied without password protection, this means that all changeable parameters can be adjusted. After parameterizing the inverter can be secured against unauthorized access. The adjusted mode is stored.

Blocking the CP-Parameter



Releasing the CP-Parameter



## 5.4 Parameter Description

The following parameters serve for the functional monitoring during operation.

### CP. 1 Inverter state

The status display indicates the actual operating condition of the inverter. Possible displays and their meaning:

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| noP    | "no Operation" Starting terminal not bridged, thyristors blocked, output voltage = 0 V  |
| run    | "run" supply unit ready for operation; Thyristors connected   |
| charG  | "charge" DC output voltage is loaded on actual DC voltage   |
| GFt    | "Ground Fault test" is displayed during power-on test.  |
| E.GF1  | Earth fault during power-on test  |
| E.GF2  | Earth fault during operation  |
| E.cto  | "Error charge time out" DC output voltage could not be loaded within the adjusted charging time.  |
| E.rEco | "Error rectifier output" Difference between DC output voltage and actual DC voltage during the operation higher than 200 V.   |
| E.UPh  | "Error Phase failure" detects an error in one input phase (see 6.6.5). The utilization of L1, L2 and L3 is compared all 4 ms with the average value of the effective input currents (CP. 2) If after triple scanning (12 ms) a difference of >15 % of one phase to CP.2 is detected, then <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a prewarning is released and switched off after 60 s, if the difference is &lt; 50 %.</li> <li>• immediately switched off, if the difference is ≥ 50 %.</li> </ul> |

### CP. 2 AC current

Display of the average value of the effective input currents of phase L1...L3 in ampere.

### CP. 3 DC current

Display of the actual DC output current in ampere.

### CP. 4 DC current peak value

This display enables a detection of short-term current peaks, as the highest value that occurred is stored.

The peak value can be reset with UP or Down when the unit is switched on. Switching off the unit deletes the peak value.

### CP. 5 Actual DC gain

Display of the actual utilization of the supply unit in percent. 100 % correspond to the rated current.

### CP. 6 Actual DC voltage

Display of the current DC voltage in volt. The value is measured in the charge circuit. The value serves as comparison value to the DC output voltage.

### CP. 7 DC- Output voltage

Display of the current DC output voltage in volt. The value is measured at the output terminals of the supply unit.

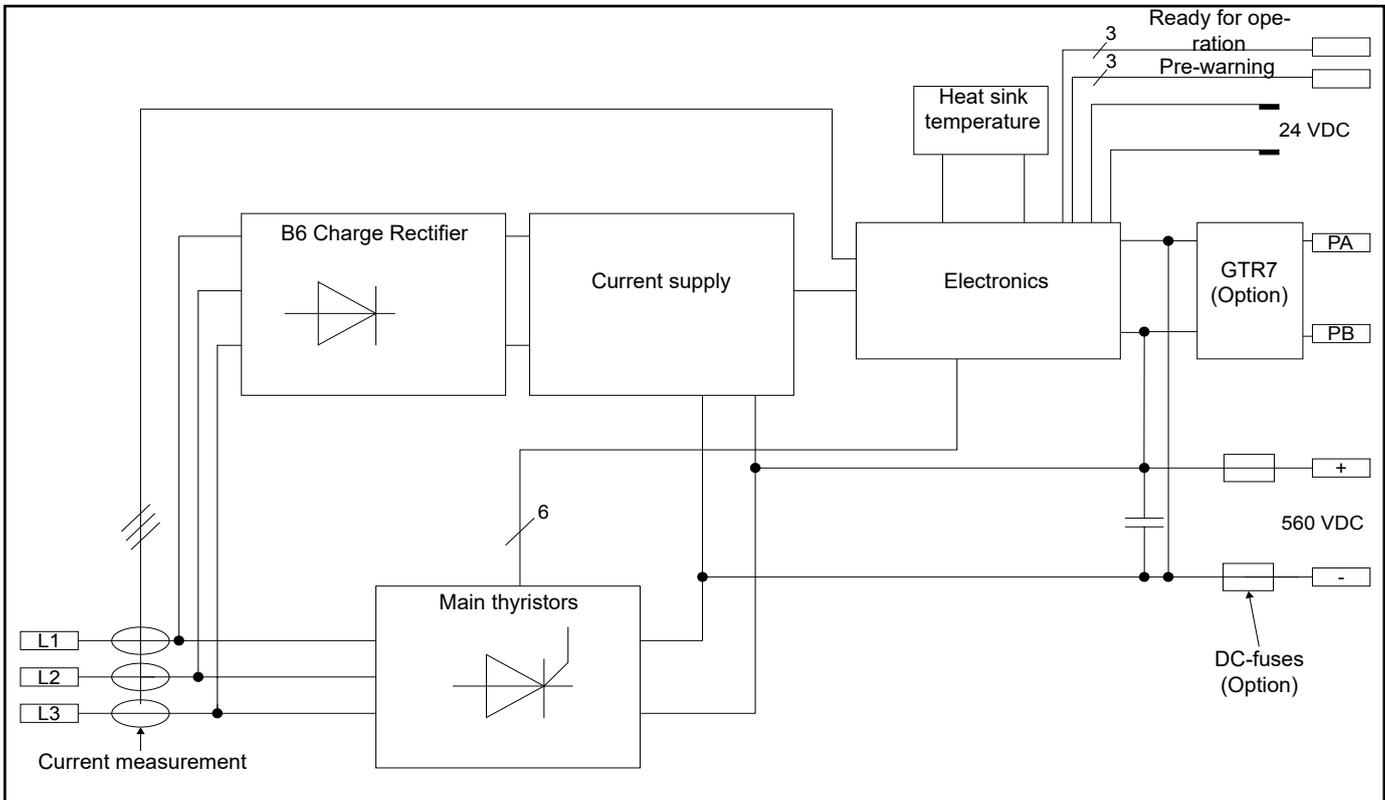
## Operation of the Unit

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|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>CP. 8</b><br><b>DC - output voltage /<br/>peak value</b> | This display enables a detection of short-term voltage peaks, as the highest value that occurred is stored.<br>The peak value can be reset with UP or Down when the unit is switched on. Switching off the unit deletes the peak value.  |
| <b>CP. 9</b><br><b>Heat sink temperature</b>                | Display of the actual heat sink temperature in °C. First a prewarning is given out if the heat sink temperature is too high, so a controlled deceleration of the unit is possible. The thyristors are blocked when reaching the max. heat sink temperature of 90 °C, if there is no reaction to the pre-warning. |
| <b>CP.10</b><br><b>Charging time factor</b>                 | The charge time is dependent on the connected total capacity. The preset value of 100% is 16s. If the charge time should be exceeded in case of very large capacities, the charge time can be extended up to 500 % with the charge time factor.  |
| <b>CP.11</b><br><b>Analog output 1 gain</b>                 | At a gain of "1" the analog output 1 outputs a signal in a range of 0...10VDC = 0...150 % $I_{DC}$ which corresponds to the DC-output current. The gain can be adjusted with CP.11 in a range of ±20,00. The analog output can be adapted thereby to individual requirements.                                    |
| <b>CP.12</b><br><b>Analog output 2 gain</b>                 | At a gain of "1,00" the analog output 2 outputs a signal in a range of 0...10VDC = 0...800 V $U_{DC}$ which corresponds to the DC- output current. The gain can be adjusted with CP.11 in a range of ±20,00. The analog output can be adapted thereby to individual requirements.                                |
| <b>CP.13</b><br><b>AC-Phase current L1</b>                  | CP.13 displays the rms value of the input current of phase L1 in ampere.   |
| <b>CP.14</b><br><b>AC-Phase current L2</b>                  | CP.14 displays the rms value of the input current of phase L2 in ampere.   |
| <b>CP.15</b><br><b>AC current L3</b>                        | CP.15 displays the rms value of the input current of phase L3 in ampere.   |

## 6. Functional Description

### 6.1 Block Diagram of the Supply Unit



### 6.2 Switch-on procedure

The charging procedure of the connected frequency inverters starts with releasing mains voltage to the input terminals L1, L2, L3 and starting of the control. The pre-charging occurs via a current source, which enables loading of very high DC link capacities. The obtained charging time is depending on the value of the connected DC link capacities and the mains voltage. After executed pre-charging and checking the ground fault free at the DC bus the release of the thyristor block takes place. No phase angle control is executed, the thyristors are driven with 0° control angle, so the behaviour is like a B6-rectifier bridge.

The "RUN" - signal is set at the control terminals of the power supply unit and can be processed further by the master control. A load current may only be taken from the power supply unit after setting the "RUN" - signal, since otherwise a power off of the pre-charging unit occurs and an error message is output.

### 6.3 Power-Off the Supply Unit

Power-off occurs by disconnecting the mains voltage and/or the starting signal at the control card at the supply unit.

## 6.4 Error During Operation

An error signal is output on tripping the protective functions and the thyristors are switched off. The following operating conditions are supervised:

- Heat sink temperature (Error:  $\geq 90^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Interior temperature (Error:  $\sim 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Current
- Ground fault by differential current measurement
- DC voltage (Error:  $\leq 240\text{V DC voltage}$  and  $\geq 820\text{V DC voltage}$ )

First a prewarning is given out if the heat sink temperature is too high, so a controlled deceleration of the unit is possible. The thyristors are blocked when reaching the max. heat sink temperature of  $90^{\circ}\text{C}$ , if there is no reaction to the pre-warning.

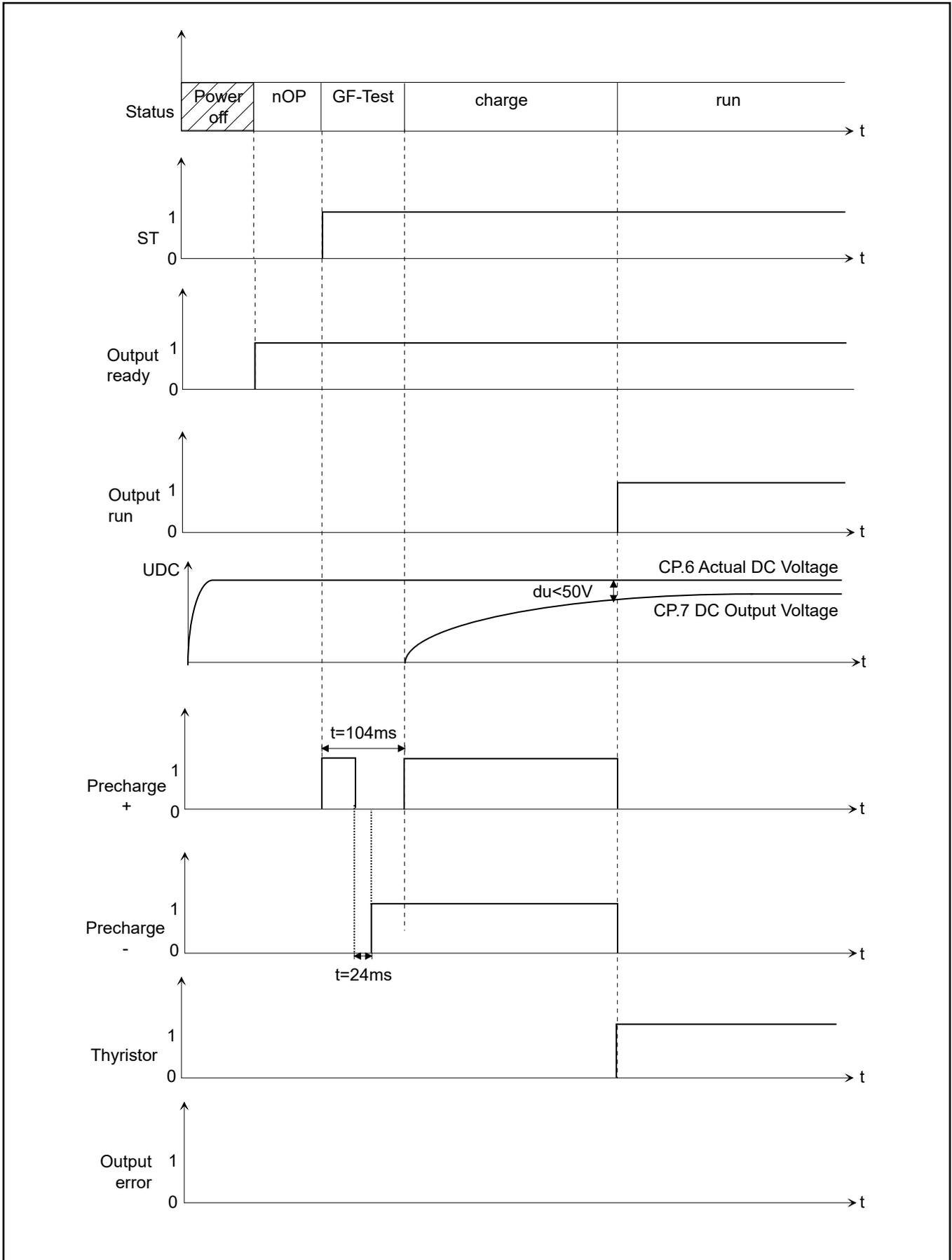
## 6.5 Braking option

The brake transistor is controlled with a DC link voltage starting from 740 VDC.

## 6.6 Flow charts

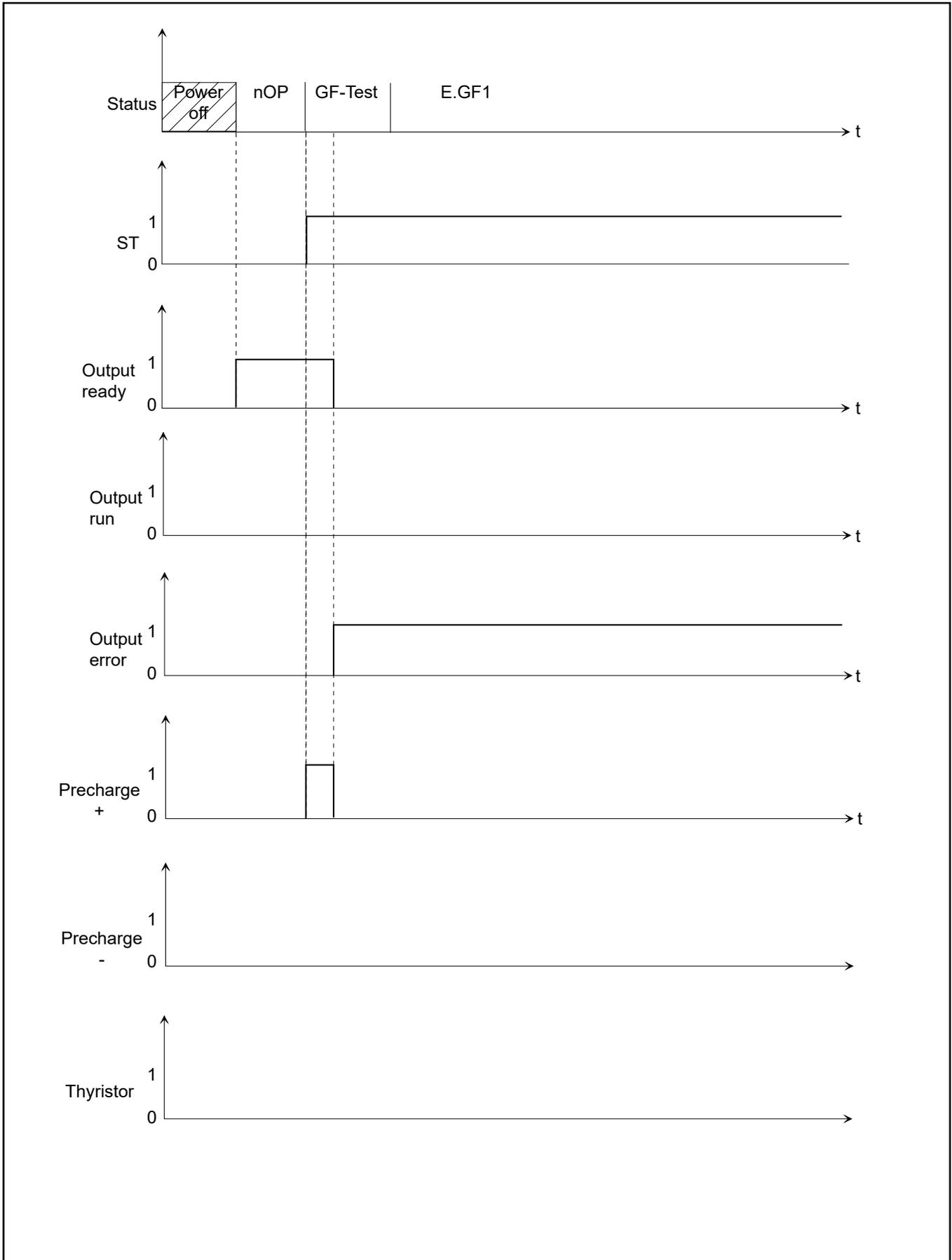
On the following pages there are some flow charts for a better understanding of the different operating conditions.

6.6.1 Power-on with Normal Conditions

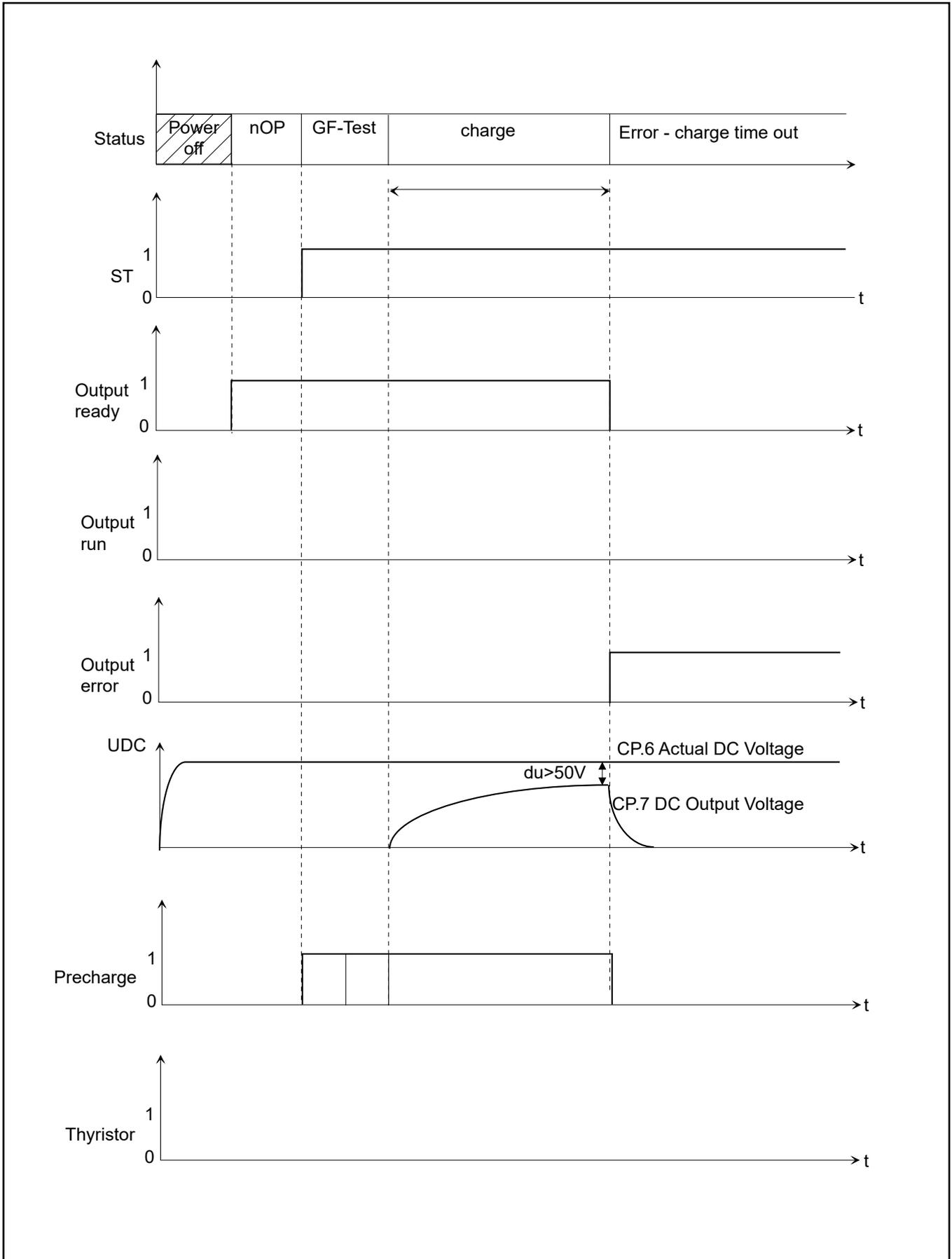


# Functional Description

## 6.6.2 Ground Fault during Power-on to +DC

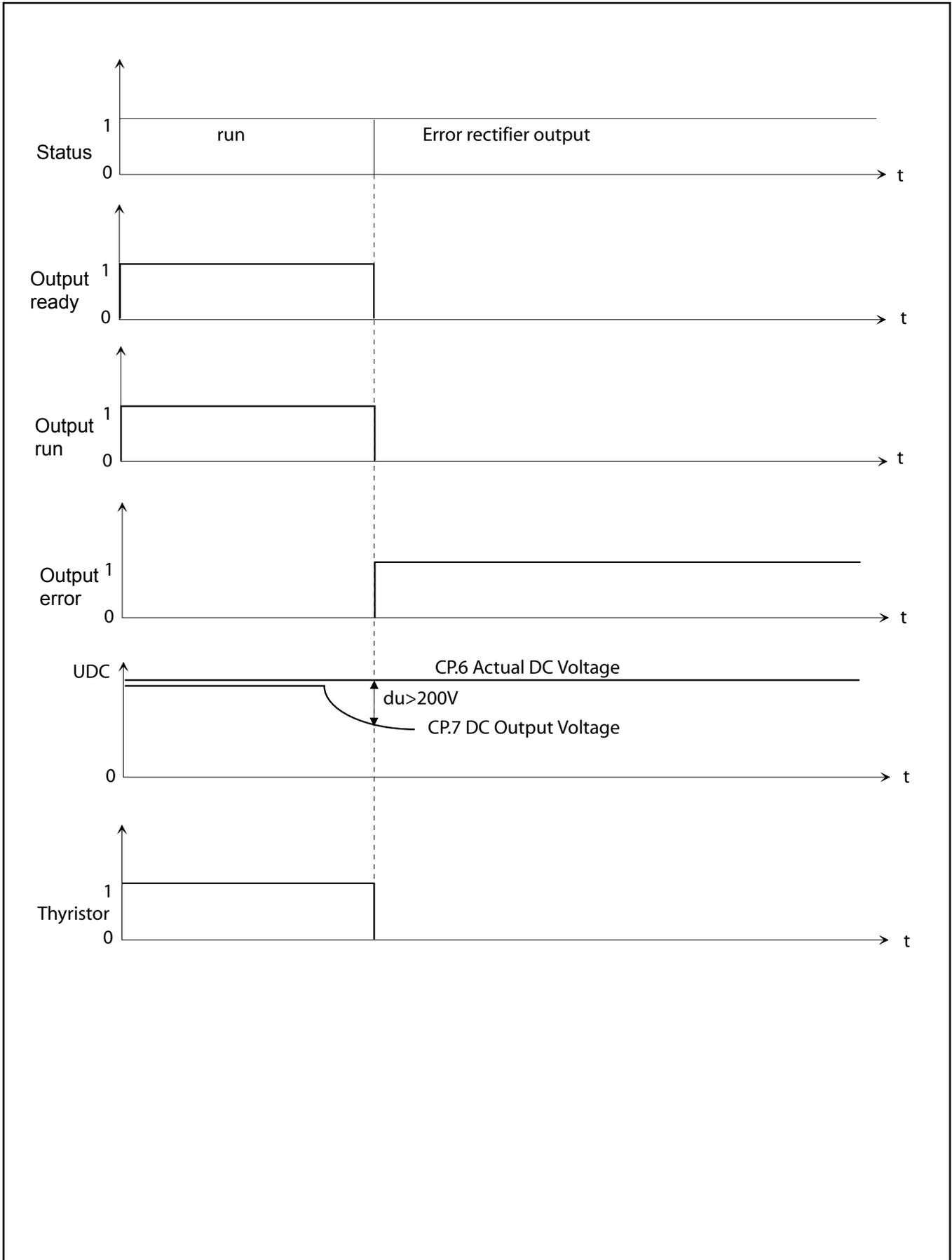


6.6.3 Charge Time Exceeding during Power-on

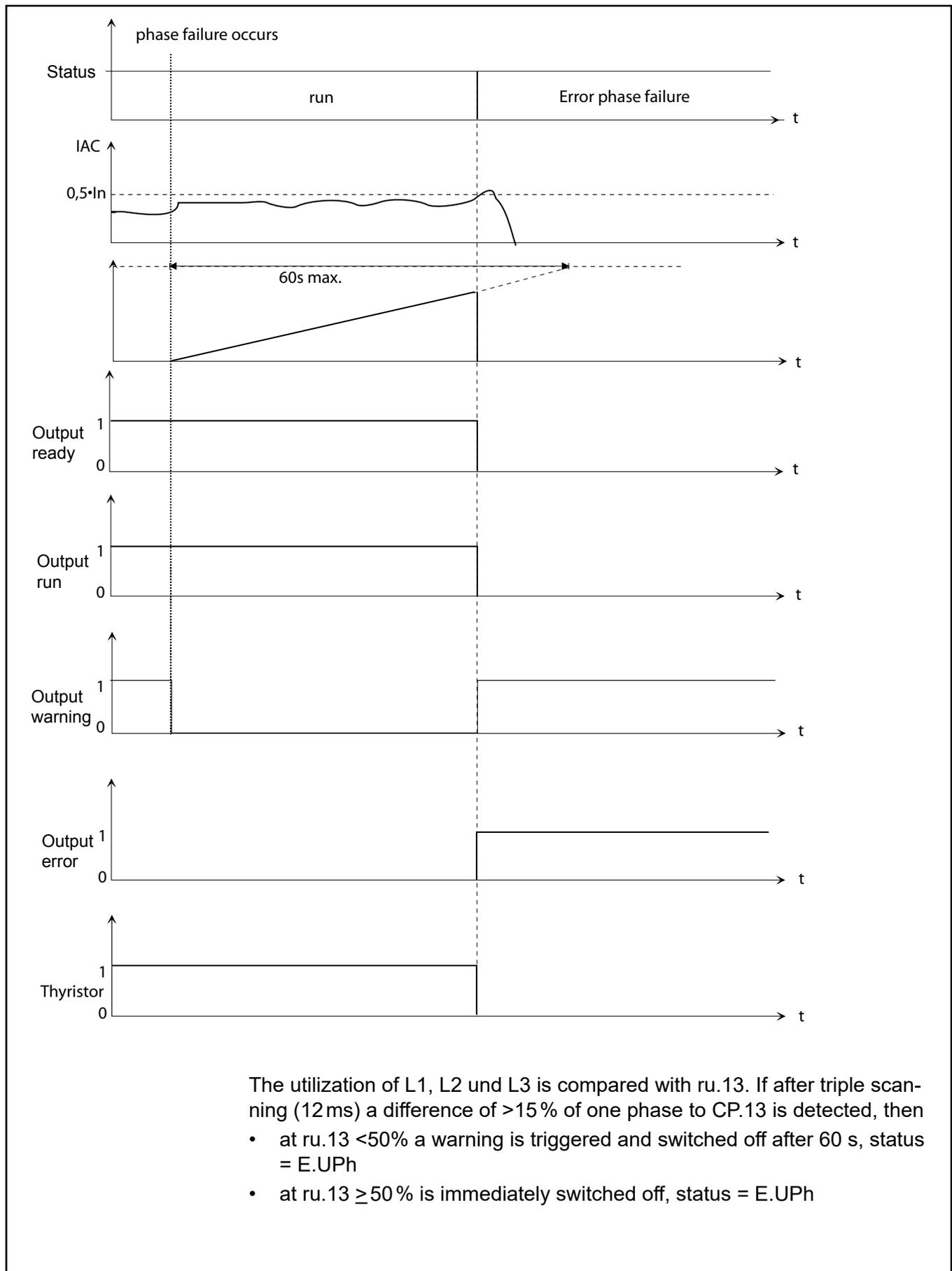


# Functional Description

## 6.6.4 Output error during Operation



## 6.6.5 Phase Error during Operation (E.UPh)





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